

**BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD
ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST**

ABN: 56 491 920 734

**Financial Report For The Year Ended
30 June 2024**

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST

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Financial Report For The Year Ended 30 June 2024

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BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
ABN: 56 491 920 734
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue			
Revenue and other income	2	39,840,476	31,675,088
Total revenue and other income		<u>39,840,476</u>	<u>31,675,088</u>
Expenses			
Wages and salaries		26,123,226	19,075,314
Depreciation Expense	5	1,916,186	1,869,295
Other expenses		5,118,211	3,040,182
Administration fees		1,703,348	1,269,356
Agency and contracted services		460,574	2,618,502
Finance costs		1,044,440	1,259,203
Insurance		578,434	449,220
Resident accommodation		1,657,934	1,269,221
Total Expenses		<u>38,602,353</u>	<u>30,850,293</u>
Profit attributable to unitholders		<u>1,238,123</u>	<u>824,795</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
ABN: 56 491 920 734
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Profit for the year		1,238,123	824,795
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Gain on revaluation of land and buildings	6	0	20,724,172
Total other comprehensive income		<u>0</u>	<u>20,724,172</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>1,238,123</u>	<u>21,548,967</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to unit holders		<u>1,238,123</u>	<u>21,548,967</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
ABN: 56 491 920 734
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	21,687,824	15,604,006
Trade and other receivables	4	17,010,252	20,025,766
Inventories		27,486	30,404
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		<u>38,725,562</u>	<u>35,660,176</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	5	109,667,734	112,534,249
Investment property	7	18,572,570	18,226,089
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		<u>128,240,304</u>	<u>130,760,338</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>166,965,866</u>	<u>166,420,514</u>
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	8	106,106,934	103,043,437
Borrowings	9	13,799,356	19,789,175
Provisions	10	4,319,665	3,081,523
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>124,225,955</u>	<u>125,914,135</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	8	11,037,133	10,015,622
Provisions	10	324,445	350,547
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>11,361,578</u>	<u>10,366,169</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>135,587,533</u>	<u>136,280,304</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>31,378,333</u>	<u>30,140,210</u>
EQUITY			
Issued units	11	100	100
Revaluation Surplus	6	37,353,598	37,353,598
Retained earnings		(5,975,365)	(7,213,488)
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>31,378,333</u>	<u>30,140,210</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
ABN: 56 491 920 734
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	Issued Units \$	Retained Earnings \$	Revaluation Surplus \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022		100	(8,038,283)	16,629,426	8,591,243
Comprehensive income					
Profit for the year		0	824,795	0	824,795
Other comprehensive income	6	0	0	20,724,172	20,724,172
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to unitholders		0	824,795	20,724,172	21,548,967
Transactions with unitholders in their capacity as owners					
Distribution to unitholders		0	0	0	0
Total transactions with unitholders		0	0	0	0
Balance at 30 June 2023		100	(7,213,488)	37,353,598	30,140,210
Balance at 1 July 2023		100	(7,213,488)	37,353,598	30,140,210
Comprehensive income					
Profit for the year		0	1,238,123	0	1,238,123
Other comprehensive income	6	0	0	0	0
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to unitholders		0	1,238,123	0	1,238,123
Transactions with unitholders in their capacity as owners					
Distribution to unitholders		0	0	0	0
Total transactions with unitholders		0	0	0	0
Balance at 30 June 2024		100	(5,975,365)	37,353,598	31,378,333

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
ABN: 56 491 920 734
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and government grants		38,347,506	29,803,381
Payments to suppliers and employees		(33,698,899)	(28,078,744)
Interest received		1,880,423	1,740,049
Finance costs		(1,044,440)	(1,259,203)
Net cash provided by operating activities	12	<u>5,484,590</u>	<u>2,205,483</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	5	(198,231)	(1,608,536)
Purchase of Investment Property	7	(346,481)	(481,277)
Retirement Village Financial Liabilities		407,159	1,999,230
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(137,553)</u>	<u>(90,583)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loans received from related parties		1,021,511	772,635
Increase/(decrease) in Refundable Accommodation Deposits		5,705,089	(676,481)
Net cash provided by financing activities		<u>6,726,600</u>	<u>96,154</u>
Net increase in cash held		12,073,637	2,211,054
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		(4,185,169)	(6,396,223)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	3	<u><u>7,888,468</u></u>	<u><u>(4,185,169)</u></u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
ABN: 56 491 920 734
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

The financial statements cover the economic entity of Balmoral Aged Care Group Pty Ltd ATF Balmoral Aged Care Trust. Balmoral Aged Care Group Pty Ltd ATF Balmoral Aged Care Trust is a Unit Trust, established and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 25 October 2024 by the directors of the Trustee company.

Note 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Aged Care Act 1997, Retirement Village Act 1992 (WA), Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The Trust is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

(a) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The Trust measures some of its assets and liabilities at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis, depending on the requirements of the applicable Accounting Standards.

Fair value is the price the Trust would receive to sell an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly (ie unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (ie the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset or minimises the payments made to transfer the liability, after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value of liabilities and the entity's own equity instruments may be valued, where there is no observable market price in relation to the transfer of such financial instruments, by reference to observable market information where such instruments are held as assets. Where this information is not available, other valuation techniques are adopted and, where significant, are detailed in the respective note to the financial statements.

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Land and buildings

Land and buildings are carried at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), based on periodic valuations by management or external independent valuers. At the date of revaluation, the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset i.e. restated proportionately to the change in the carrying amount. The accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the asset after taking into account accumulated impairment losses.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity; all other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Plant and equipment, Computer software and Buildings under construction (work in progress)

Plant and equipment, computer software and buildings under construction are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the Trust includes the cost of materials, direct labour and borrowing costs.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Trust and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss in the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line or reducing balance basis over the asset's useful life to the Trust commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate	Depreciation Method
Buildings	2.50%	Straight Line
Leasehold Improvements	2.50%	Straight Line
Plant and Equipment	7.50% - 30%	Straight Line and Reducing Balance
Furniture and Fittings	10% - 33.33%	Straight Line and Reducing Balance
Low Value Pool	10% - 37.52%	Straight Line and Reducing Balance
Solar Panel Project	10%	Straight Line and Reducing Balance
Computer Software	25%	Straight Line

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

In the event the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present (refer to Note 1(f) for details of impairment).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the item is derecognised. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

(c) Investment Property

Investment property relates to interests in operating retirement villages (comprising independent living units) held to earn revenue and capital appreciation over time.

Investment property is initially measured at cost, including transaction costs and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

The fair value of an investment property is the amount for which the asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction and is determined based on periodic valuations by management or external independent valuers.

(d) Refundable Accommodation Deposit (RAD)/Accommodation Bond liabilities

RADs/accommodation bond liabilities are non-interest bearing deposits made by aged care facility residents to the Trust upon admission. These deposits are liabilities which fall due and payable when the resident leaves the facility. As there is no unconditional rights to defer payment for 12 months, these liabilities are recorded as current liabilities.

RAD/accommodation bond liabilities are recorded at an amount equal to the proceeds received, net of retention and any other amounts deducted from the RAD/accommodation bond in accordance with the Aged Care Act 1997.

Independent living unit (ILU) resident loan liabilities

Independent Living Unit (ILU) resident loans are non-interest bearing payments made by retirement village residents to the Trust upon signing of a license agreement fee calculated in accordance with the license. As there is no unconditional right to defer payment for 12 months, these liabilities are recorded as current liabilities.

(e) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Trust becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Trust commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted).

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component or if the practical expedient was applied as specified in AASB 15.63.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest expense in profit or loss over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the internal rate of return of the financial asset or liability. That is, it is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the instrument to the net carrying amount at initial recognition.

A financial liability cannot be reclassified.

Financial assets

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost, on the basis of the two primary criteria, being:

- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset; and
- the business model for managing the financial assets.

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost when it meets the following conditions:

- the financial asset is managed solely to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates.

Derecognition

Derecognition refers to the removal of a previously recognised financial asset or financial liability from the statement of financial position.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A liability is derecognised when it is extinguished (ie when the obligation in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires). An exchange of an existing financial liability for a new one with substantially modified terms, or a substantial modification to the terms of a financial liability, is treated as an extinguishment of the existing liability and recognition of a new financial liability.

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised when the holder's contractual rights to its cash flows expires, or the asset is transferred in such a way that all the risks and rewards of ownership are substantially transferred.

All of the following criteria need to be satisfied for derecognition of a financial asset:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired or been transferred;
- all risk and rewards of ownership of the asset have been substantially transferred; and
- the Trust no longer controls the asset (ie it has no practical ability to make unilateral decisions to sell the asset to a third party).

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

The Trust recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on contract assets (eg amount due from customers under contracts);

Loss allowance is not recognised for financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Simplified approach

The simplified approach does not require tracking of changes in credit risk in every reporting period, but instead requires the recognition of lifetime expected credit loss at all times.

This approach is applicable to trade receivables.

In measuring the expected credit loss, a provision matrix for trade receivables was used taking into consideration various data to get to an expected credit loss (ie diversity of its customer base, appropriate groupings of its historical loss experience, etc).

Recognition of expected credit losses in financial statements

The Directors of the Trust believe that no impairment needs to be accounted as at 30 June 2024.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

(f) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Trust assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include considering external and internal sources of information. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (eg in accordance with the revaluation model in AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that Standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Trust estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(g) Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Trust's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

Long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Upon the remeasurement of obligations for other long-term employee benefits, the net change in the obligation is recognised in profit or loss as part of employee benefits expense.

The Trust's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Trust does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

(h) Revenue and other Income

Revenue recognition

Aged care facility revenue comprises daily resident fees and Government funding grants and subsidies. Revenue from the rendering of a service or supply of a good is recognised upon the delivery of the service or good to the Resident. The Trust is entitled to charge retention fees to residents in respect of pre 1 July 2014 accommodation bonds held. These fees are regulated by the Department of Health and accrued by the Trust during the Resident's period of occupancy. Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

All performance obligations are considered to be met on a daily basis and therefore the Trust does not have any outstanding performance obligations that have not been met at the reporting date.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

(i) Economic Dependency

The Trust is dependent on the Department of Health for the majority of its revenue used to operate the business. At the date of this report, the Directors of the Trust have no reason to believe the Department will not continue to provide such funding.

(j) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(k) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Where the Trust has retrospectively applied an accounting policy, makes a retrospective restatement of items in the financial statements or reclassified items in its financial statements, a third statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period, in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

(l) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The Trustees evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Trust.

Key estimates

(i) Impairment

The Trust assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Trust that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations, which incorporate various key assumptions.

Key judgements

(i) Provisions for employee benefits

For the purpose of measurement, AASB 119: Employee Benefits defines obligations for short-term employee benefits as obligations expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. As the Trust expects that most employees will not use all of their annual leave entitlements in the same year in which they are earned or during the following 12-month period, obligations for annual leave entitlements are required to be measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees.

(ii) Performance obligations under AASB 15

To identify a performance obligation under AASB 15, the promise must be sufficiently specific to be able to determine when the obligation is satisfied. Management exercises judgement to determine whether the promise is sufficiently specific by taking into account any conditions specified in the arrangement, explicit or implicit, regarding the promised goods or services. In making this assessment, management includes the nature/ type, cost/ value, quantity and the period of transfer related to the goods or services promised.

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(iii) *Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment property: Measurement of fair value*

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurements into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that the entity can access at the measurement date.	Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly.	Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset.

Valuation Techniques

The Trust selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset being measured. Land and buildings have been valued by management and/or external independent valuation experts using the Market approach which involves the utilisation of level 2 inputs such as prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for similar assets.

Investment property

Investment property has been valued by management and/or external independent valuation experts, using a direct comparison approach. Where the investment property is a property in use as a retirement village, a gross asset value has been determined. In arriving at these values, sales of substitutable properties within the subject village and competing villages have been considered, with regard to their unique attributes including but not limited to proximity to community centre, village amenities and the village entrance, time of sale, ingoing residence agreements, floor plan configuration, accommodation condition and quality, and the level of amenity provided by communal facilities. Further consideration has been made for the local residential market trends for houses and units. The resulting indications of value lead to an estimate of the price expected to be realised upon the sale of the units.

(iv) *Provisions*

Provisions are recognised when the Trust has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(m) New and Amended Accounting Standards Adopted by the Trust

The Trust has adopted all amendments required for the year ended 30 June 2024. The adoption of these amendments did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note 2 Revenue and Other Income

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Other income:			
- Interest revenue - Director-related entities	16c	711,167	572,776
- Interest Income on DAP		19,615	30,530
- Interest revenue - other entities		1,149,642	1,136,743
- Rental Revenue		2,732,932	1,194,018
- Sundry Income		250,728	282,343
Total other income		<u>4,864,084</u>	<u>3,216,410</u>
Service Revenue:			
- Services revenue		34,971,953	28,248,425
- Covid -19 support supplement and recoveries		4,439	210,253
Total service revenue		<u>34,976,392</u>	<u>28,458,678</u>
Total revenue and other income		<u>39,840,476</u>	<u>31,675,088</u>

Note 3 Cash and Cash Equivalents

		2024 \$	2023 \$
CURRENT			
Cash at bank	17	<u>21,687,824</u>	<u>15,604,006</u>
		<u>21,687,824</u>	<u>15,604,006</u>

Reconciliation of cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Bank Overdrafts	9	(13,799,356)	(19,789,175)
Cash at bank		<u>21,687,824</u>	<u>15,604,006</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents		<u>7,888,468</u>	<u>(4,185,169)</u>

Note 4 Trade and Other Receivables

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
CURRENT			
Trade receivables	*	494,427	614,615
Accommodation bonds and refundable accommodation deposits	*	15,526,377	18,721,537
Prepayments		913,779	346,679
Other debtors	*	75,669	342,935
Total assets classified as trade and other receivables		<u>17,010,252</u>	<u>20,025,766</u>

Accommodation bonds and refundable accommodation deposits represent the unpaid portion of the amounts contractually owed to the Trust as per the resident agreement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

		2024	2023
(a) Financial assets at amortised cost		\$	\$
Trade and other receivables			
- Total Current	*	16,096,473	19,679,087
- Total Non-current		0	0
Financial assets as trade and other receivables	17	<u>16,096,473</u>	<u>19,679,087</u>

Note 5 Property, Plant and Equipment

		2024	2023
		\$	\$
Land and buildings - at fair value			
Freehold land		<u>36,830,965</u>	<u>36,830,965</u>
Total land		<u>36,830,965</u>	<u>36,830,965</u>
Buildings		79,551,210	79,540,980
Accumulated Depreciation - Buildings		<u>(14,850,621)</u>	<u>(13,187,919)</u>
Total buildings		<u>64,700,589</u>	<u>66,353,061</u>
Leasehold Improvements		3,200	3,200
Accumulated Depreciation - Leasehold Improvements		<u>(1,161)</u>	<u>(1,081)</u>
Total leasehold improvements		<u>2,039</u>	<u>2,119</u>
Total land and buildings		<u>101,533,593</u>	<u>103,186,145</u>
Plant and equipment - at cost			
Plant & Equipment		3,319,915	3,180,665
Accumulated Depreciation - Plant & Equipment		<u>(2,765,075)</u>	<u>(2,657,972)</u>
Furniture & Fittings		2,547,877	2,538,323
Accumulated Depreciation - Furniture & Fittings		<u>(2,120,406)</u>	<u>(2,026,337)</u>
Low Value Pool		120,982	120,982
Accumulated Depreciation - Low Value Pool		<u>(118,216)</u>	<u>(112,087)</u>
Solar Panel Project		529,643	529,643
Accumulated Depreciation - Solar Panel		<u>(285,758)</u>	<u>(258,659)</u>
Total plant and equipment		<u>1,228,962</u>	<u>1,314,558</u>
Computer Software - at cost			
Computer Software		24,609	24,609
Accumulated Depreciation - Computer Software		<u>(24,609)</u>	<u>(24,609)</u>
Total computer software		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Building Under Construction - at cost			
Building Under Construction		<u>6,905,179</u>	<u>8,033,546</u>
Total Building Under Construction		<u>6,905,179</u>	<u>8,033,546</u>
Total property, plant and equipment		<u>109,667,734</u>	<u>112,534,249</u>

Movement in carrying amounts

Movement in carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Freehold land	Buildings	Leasehold Improvements	Plant and equipment	Computer software	Building Under Construction	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2022	21,409,662	62,484,732	2,199	1,616,707	2,330	6,555,206	92,070,836
Net additions	0	0	0	130,196	0	1,478,340	1,608,536
Transfers	8,538,291	(8,538,291)	0	0	0	0	0
Revaluation increments / (decrements) transferred to revaluation surplus	6,883,012	13,841,160	0	0	0	0	20,724,172
Depreciation expense	0	(1,434,540)	(80)	(432,345)	(2,330)	0	(1,869,295)
Balance as at 30 June 2023	<u>36,830,965</u>	<u>66,353,061</u>	<u>2,119</u>	<u>1,314,558</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8,033,546</u>	<u>112,534,249</u>
Net additions	0	10,230	0	167,808	0	20,193	198,231
Re-classification to statement of profit or loss *	0	0	0	0	0	(1,148,560)	(1,148,560)
Depreciation expense	0	(1,662,702)	(80)	(253,404)	0	0	(1,916,186)
Balance as at 30 June 2024	<u>36,830,965</u>	<u>64,700,589</u>	<u>2,039</u>	<u>1,228,962</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6,905,179</u>	<u>109,667,734</u>

* This balance represents the following in relation to the Mental Health Unit at St James:

- Capital works undertaken as lessor being expensed over the term of the lease in accordance with AASB 16; and
- Rental income which was incorrectly capitalised in a previous financial year.

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
ABN: 56 491 920 734
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Asset Revaluations

Buildings

At the end of the previous reporting period, the buildings held by the Trust were valued by management based on benchmark fair values obtained from an external valuer. The fair value of the buildings was determined to be \$66,353,061. The fair value of the buildings increased by \$13,841,160.

This revaluation increment was credited directly to the revaluation surplus.

Freehold land

At the end of the previous reporting period, the freehold land held by the Trust was valued by management based on benchmark fair values obtained from an external valuer. The fair value of the freehold land was determined to be \$36,830,965. The fair value of the freehold land increased by \$6,883,012.

This revaluation increment was credited directly to the revaluation surplus.

Refer to Note 18 for detailed disclosures regarding the fair value measurement of the Trust's freehold land and buildings.

Note 6 Revaluation Surplus

	2023	2023	2023	Total	2023
	Opening Balance	Revaluation Increment	Revaluation (Decrement)	Movement on Revaluation	Closing Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revaluation Surplus	16,629,426	20,724,172	0	20,724,172	37,353,598
Revaluation Surplus as 30 June 2023	16,629,426	20,724,172	0	20,724,172	37,353,598
	2024	2024	2024	Total	2024
	Opening Balance	Revaluation Increment	Revaluation (Decrement)	Movement on Revaluation	Closing Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revaluation Surplus	37,353,598	0	0	0	37,353,598
Revaluation Surplus as 30 June 2024	37,353,598	0	0	0	37,353,598

Note 7 Investment Property

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance at start of the period	18,226,089	18,327,750
Addition resulting from capitalised expenditure	346,481	481,277
Transfer to lease for life liabilities	0	(582,938)
Balance at end of the period	18,572,570	18,226,089

Note 8 Trade and Other Payables

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
CURRENT			
Sundry payables		857,985	734,682
Trade payables	*	14,388	56,790
Accommodation bonds and refundable accommodation deposits	*	92,783,993	90,274,064
Accrued expenses		255,859	241,251
Accrued salaries and wages		297,754	142,141
Deferred revenue		242,783	347,495
Retirement Village financial liabilities	*	11,654,172	11,247,014
		<u>106,106,934</u>	<u>103,043,437</u>
NON-CURRENT			
Amounts payable to related entities	8a	11,037,133	10,015,622
		<u>11,037,133</u>	<u>10,015,622</u>

a. Financial liabilities at amortised cost classified as trade and other payables:

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Trade and other payables			
- Total current	*	104,452,553	101,577,868
- Total non-current		11,037,133	10,015,622
Financial liabilities as trade and other payables	17	<u>115,489,686</u>	<u>111,593,490</u>

Amounts payable to related entities are in relation to Aegis Group core debt. Core debt is secured by a registered fixed and floating charge over the assets of the combined entities of the Aegis Group.

The Trust has significant levels of accommodation bonds and refundable accommodation deposits and they are classified as current liabilities as per Note 1(d). Notwithstanding this, due to their nature, the accommodation bonds and refundable accommodation deposits repaid are generally replaced with new refundable accommodation deposits and do not impact the liquidity of the Trust.

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Note 9 Borrowings

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
CURRENT			
Bank overdraft		13,799,356	19,789,175
Total Borrowings	17	<u>13,799,356</u>	<u>19,789,175</u>

Note 10 Provisions

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Analysis of Provisions		
CURRENT		
Annual and Sick Leave		
Balance at start of the period	2,531,928	2,457,505
Additional provisions raised during year	575,055	158,367
Amounts used	(56,846)	(83,944)
Balance at end of the period	<u>3,050,137</u>	<u>2,531,928</u>
Long Service Leave		
Balance at start of the period	549,595	541,693
Additional provisions raised during year	0	20,176
Amounts used	(95,067)	(12,274)
Balance at end of the period	<u>454,528</u>	<u>549,595</u>
Back Pay		
Balance at start of the period	0	0
Additional provisions raised during year	815,000	0
Balance at end of the period	<u>815,000</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Current	<u>4,319,665</u>	<u>3,081,523</u>
NON-CURRENT		
Long-term Employee Benefits		
Balance at start of the period	350,547	318,664
Additional provisions raised during year	0	31,883
Amounts used	(26,102)	0
Balance at end of the period	<u>324,445</u>	<u>350,547</u>
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current	4,319,665	3,081,523
Non-current	324,445	350,547
	<u>4,644,110</u>	<u>3,432,070</u>

Provision for employee benefits

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave, sick leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave and sick leave entitlements and long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience, the Trust does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the Trust does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlements.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

Provision of sick leave is an accrual for full time and part time employees to be used to pay personal sick leave and carer leave. The provision is measured at 60% of sick leave balances based on historical review of sick leave taken. Liabilities recognised in respect of sick leave provision are expected to be settled in the foreseeable future.

The provision for employee entitlements includes an estimated amount of \$815,000 related to the possible back payment of entitlements owed to employees formerly employed by Staff West, including but not limited to wages, overtime, and leave entitlements calculated for a six year period ending 2 May 2023. The provision represents the trust's best estimate of the liability as at 30 June 2024, based on the information available and historical payroll data. The calculation of this provision may be subject to adjustment pending further investigation and reconciliation of any amounts owed. Any changes in the estimated amount of the liability will be recognised in the period in which additional information becomes available. The trust is committed to ensuring full compliance with all legal and contractual obligations and is working to ensure that any amounts owed are accurately calculated and promptly paid.

Note 11 Issued Units

a. Units on Issue

	2024 No.	2023 No.
Number of fully paid units		
At beginning of the reporting period	100	100
Units issued during the year	0	0
At the end of the reporting period	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

Units are of equal value and unit holders are entitled to share in the income of Balmoral Aged Care Group Pty Ltd ATF Balmoral Aged Care Trust in proportion to their unit holding. Upon liquidation each unit holder is entitled to a pro rata share of the trust's net assets.

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Note 12 Cash Flow Information

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
(a) Reconciliation of profit attributable to unitholders with net cash provided by operating activities		
Profit for the year	1,238,123	824,795
Depreciation	1,916,186	1,869,295
Back pay provision expense	815,000	0
Assets expensed	1,148,560	0
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(179,646)	(202,296)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	397,040	114,208
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	2,917	4,538
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	146,410	(405,057)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>5,484,590</u>	<u>2,205,483</u>

(b) Loan facilities and Bank guarantees

- (i) Aegis group has a bank facility of \$127,625,000 (unused limit of \$80,443,891) with Bankwest and a direct debit facility of \$9,000,000 with Bankwest.
(ii) The core debt is secured by a registered fixed and floating charge over the assets of Aegis combined entities.

Note 13 Events After the Reporting Period

The directors are not aware of any event subsequent to the end of the financial year which requires disclosure in the financial report.

Note 14 Capital Commitments

The Trust does not have any capital commitments for the year ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2024.

Note 15 Contingent assets or liabilities

The Trust does not have any contingent assets or liabilities for the year ended 30th June 2024.

Note 16 Related Party Transactions

Transactions with related parties:

(a) Key Management Personnel:

The directors of Balmoral Aged Care Group Pty Ltd, being the Trustee of Balmoral Aged Care Trust, have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, and are considered key management personnel (KMP) of the Trust. The directors are paid by Aegis Aged Care Management Pty Ltd. Directors appoint key facility management personnel to manage each facility in Aegis Group and report directly to the directors.

(b) Remuneration of Key Facility Management Personnel

The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Trust during the year are as follows:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Salaries and wages	412,503	343,158
Short-term employee benefits	36,918	24,580
Long-term employee benefits	14,460	47,679
	<u>463,881</u>	<u>415,417</u>

(c) Other related entities

They are reported under note 4 (trade and other receivables) and note 8 (trade and other payables).

Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
The following transactions occurred with related parties:		
• Interest Received	711,167	572,776
• Interest Paid	858,630	1,047,256
• Admin Fees Paid	1,424,910	1,040,143
• Agency Fees Paid	0	1,844,798

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Note 17 Financial Risk Management

The Trust's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable and borrowings.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	21,687,824	15,604,006
Trade and other receivables	4a	16,096,473	19,679,087
Total financial assets		37,784,297	35,283,093
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
- Trade and other payables	8a	115,489,686	111,593,490
- Borrowings	9	13,799,356	19,789,175
Total financial liabilities		129,289,042	131,382,665

Financial Risk Management Policies

Management's overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the Trust in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance. Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the Directors of the Trustee on a regular basis. These include the credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the Directors on a regular basis. These include credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

Specific Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The main risks the Trust is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk relating to interest rate risk.

a. Credit risk

The majority of the Trade receivables balance are accommodation bonds and refundable accommodation deposits. These are refundable upon leaving the facility and as such there is no credit risk related to these assets and a corresponding liability is carried in the accounts. If bonds and deposits are not paid, the Trust are compensated with government mandated interest charge.

A less significant component of the Trade receivable balance relates to resident care fees outstanding. These fees are set by the government so they are easy covered by the lowest pension, with some funds to spare. The majority of these fees are automatically collected each month by direct debit or direct receipt of a resident pension. The current and potential exposure to bad debts is immaterial and as a result, the Trust have not reported a schedule of overdue receivables. The Trust does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable under financial instruments entered into by the Trust.

b. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Trust might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. The Trust manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward-looking cash flow analyses in relation to its operating, investing and financing activities;
- monitoring undrawn credit facilities;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets; and
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions.

The table below reflects an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Trust does not directly hold any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectations as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timings of cash flows presented in the tables to settle financial liabilities reflect the earliest contractual settlement dates and do not reflect management's expectations that banking facilities will be rolled forward.

Financial liability and financial asset maturity analysis

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade and other payables	104,452,553	101,577,868	0	0	11,037,133	10,015,622	115,489,686	111,593,490
Bank overdraft	13,799,356	19,789,175	0	0	0	0	13,799,356	19,789,175
Total contractual outflows	118,251,909	121,367,043	0	0	11,037,133	10,015,622	129,289,042	131,382,665
Financial assets - cash flows realisable								
Cash and cash equivalents	21,687,824	15,604,006	0	0	0	0	21,687,824	15,604,006
Trade and other receivables	16,096,473	19,679,087	0	0	0	0	16,096,473	19,679,087
Total anticipated inflows	37,784,297	35,283,093	0	0	0	0	37,784,297	35,283,093
Net (outflow) / inflow of financial instruments	(80,467,612)	(86,083,950)	0	0	(11,037,133)	(10,015,622)	(91,504,745)	(96,099,572)

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

c. Market risk

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Trust is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate debt which are limited to cash and cash equivalents.

d. Fair Values

Fair value estimation

Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying amounts are equivalent to their fair values.

e. Sensitivity analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Trust's exposures to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Profit/Equity \$
Year ended 30 June 2024	
+/- 1% in interest rates	78,885
Year ended 30 June 2023	
+/- 1% in interest rates	41,852

Note 18 Fair Value Measurements

The Trust measures and recognises investment property, land and buildings at fair value on a recurring basis after initial recognition.

a. Fair Value Hierarchy

		30 June 2024			
	Note	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
<i>Non-financial assets</i>					
Freehold land	5	0	36,830,965	0	36,830,965
Buildings	5	0	64,700,589	0	64,700,589
Total non-financial assets recognised at fair value		<u>0</u>	<u>101,531,554</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>101,531,554</u>
		30 June 2023			
	Note	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
<i>Non-financial assets</i>					
Freehold land	5	0	36,830,965	0	36,830,965
Buildings	5	0	66,353,061	0	66,353,061
Total non-financial assets recognised at fair value		<u>0</u>	<u>103,184,026</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>103,184,026</u>

b. Valuation Techniques and Inputs Use to Measure Level 2 Fair Values

Description	Fair Value at 30 June 2023	Valuation Techniques	Inputs Used
<i>Non-financial assets</i>			
Freehold land	36,830,965	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar lots of land	Number of beds, geographical location, demographics of facility, EBITDA forecasts, RAD book (excluding unrefunded RADs awaiting probate) and capitalisation rate.
Buildings	<u>66,353,061</u>	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties	
	<u>103,184,026</u>		

The fair value of freehold land and buildings is determined at least every three to five years based on valuations by management and/or external valuer. At the end of each intervening period, the directors review the valuation and, when appropriate, update the fair value measurement to reflect current market conditions using a range of valuation techniques, including recent observable market data.

There were no changes during the period in the valuation techniques used by the Trust to determine Level 2 fair values.

Note 19 Trust Details

The registered office of the Trust is 90 Goodwood Parade, Burswood. Its principal activity is the provision of residential aged care services. The principal places of business are:

Aegis Balmoral
29 Gardner Street
Como
RACS ID 7872

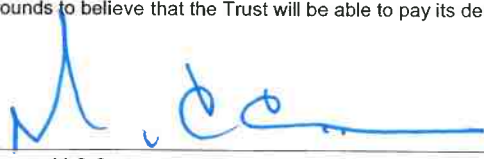
Aegis Melville
1 French Road
Melville
RACS ID 7875

BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST
ABN: 56 491 920 734
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Balmoral Aged Care Group Pty Ltd ATF Balmoral Aged Care Trust, the directors of the Trustee company declare that:

1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 1 to 15, present fairly the Unit Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards; and
2. in the director's opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Director



M C Cross

Dated this 25th day of October 2024

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE TRUSTEE COMPANY
BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD
ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST****Report on the Audit of the Financial Report****Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Balmoral Aged Care Group Pty Ltd ATF Balmoral Aged Care Trust (the "Trust"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Trust is in accordance with the *Aged Care Act 1997* and *Retirement Villages Act 1992 (WA)*:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Trustee Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations), *Aged Care Act 1997*, *Retirement Villages Act 1992 (WA)* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Trustee Company are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Trustee Company are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE TRUSTEE COMPANY
BALMORAL AGED CARE GROUP PTY LTD
ATF BALMORAL AGED CARE TRUST (CONTINUED)**

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our audit report.


GREG GODWIN
PARTNER
MOORE AUSTRALIA AUDIT (WA)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Signed at Perth this 25th day of October 2024.